

ECR-2025-3495

Climate change and energy – Establish a National Centre for Climate Repair								
Party:	Australian Greens							

### Summary of proposal:

The proposal would provide \$25 million per year to establish a new research institute, the Centre for Climate Repair, to examine and propose measures to help draw down carbon from the atmosphere and other actions to repair the climate.

The Centre will have a particular focus on how to protect the Antarctic regions under Australia's responsibility, as the collapse of the Antarctic ice sheets, if not prevented, will drive multi-century sea level rise.

The proposal would be ongoing, indexed to the Consumer Price Index (CPI), include departmental expenses within the capped amount, and start on 1 July 2026.

### Costing overview

The proposal would be expected to decrease the fiscal and underlying cash balances by around \$76.8 million over the 2025-26 Budget forward estimates period (see Table 1). This impact reflects an increase in departmental expenses.

The proposal would be expected to have an impact beyond the 2025-26 Budget forward estimates period. A breakdown of the financial implications (including separate public debt interest (PDI) tables) over the period to 2035-36 is provided at Attachment A.

The Parliamentary Budget Office (PBO) has not made any assessment as to whether the specified funding would be sufficient to meet the objectives of the proposal.

Table 1: Climate change and energy – Eetablish a national Centre for Climate Repair – Financial implications (\$m)<sup>(a)(b)</sup>

	2025-26	2026-27	2027-28	2028-29	Total to 2028-29
Fiscal balance	-	-25.0	-25.6	-26.2	-76.8
Underlying cash balance	-	-25.0	-25.6	-26.2	-76.8

<sup>(</sup>a) A positive number represents an increase in the relevant budget balance; a negative number represents a decrease.

## Key assumptions and methodology

The proposal is capped at a fixed amount in 2026-27, indexed to CPI thereafter. All funding is departmental in nature. We assume that no funds allocated to a given year are left unspent.

Financial implications were rounded consistent with the PBO's rounding rules.<sup>1</sup>

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<sup>(</sup>b) PDI impacts are not included in the totals.

<sup>-</sup> Indicates nil.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> https://www.pbo.gov.au/for-parliamentarians/how-we-analyse/pbo-rounding-rules

# Data sources Commonwealth of Australia (2025) *Pre-election Economic and Fiscal Outlook 2025,* Commonwealth of Australia.

# Attachment A - Climate change and energy - Eetablish a national Centre for Climate Repair - Financial implications

Table A1: Climate change and energy – Eetablish a national Centre for Climate Repair – Fiscal and underlying cash balances (\$m)(a)

	2025-26	2026-27	2027-28	2028-29	2029-30	2030-31	2031-32	2032-33	2033-34	2034-35	2035-36	Total to 2028-29	Total to 2035-36
Expenses													
Total – departmental	-	-25.0	-25.6	-26.2	-26.9	-27.6	-28.3	-29.0	-29.7	-30.4	-31.2	-76.8	-279.9
Total (excluding PDI)	-	-25.0	-25.6	-26.2	-26.9	-27.6	-28.3	-29.0	-29.7	-30.4	-31.2	-76.8	-279.9

<sup>(</sup>a) A positive number for the fiscal balance indicates an increase in revenue or a decrease in expenses or net capital investment in accrual terms. A negative number for the fiscal balance indicates a decrease in revenue or an increase in expenses or net capital investment in accrual terms. A positive number for the underlying cash balance indicates an increase in receipts or a decrease in payments or net capital investment in cash terms. A negative number for the underlying cash balance indicates a decrease in receipts or an increase in payments or net capital investment in cash terms.

Table A2: Climate change and energy – Eetablish a national Centre for Climate Repair – Memorandum item: Public Debt Interest (PDI) impacts – Fiscal and underlying cash balances (\$m)<sup>(a)(b)</sup>

	2025-26	2026-27	2027-28	2028-29	2029-30	2030-31	2031-32	2032-33	2033-34	2034-35	2035-36	Total to 2028-29	Total to 2035-36
Fiscal balance	-	-0.6	-1.7	-2.9	-4.2	-5.6	-7.1	-8.7	-10.5	-12.3	-14.3	-5.2	-67.9
Underlying cash balance	-	-0.4	-1.4	-2.6	-3.9	-5.3	-6.8	-8.3	-10.0	-11.9	-13.8	-4.4	-64.4

<sup>(</sup>a) As this table is presented as a memorandum item, these figures are not reflected in the totals above. This is consistent with the approach taken in the budget where the budget impact of most measures is presented excluding the impact on PDI. If the reader would like a complete picture of the total aggregate, then these figures would need to be added to the figures above. For further information on government borrowing and financing please refer to the PBO's online budget glossary<sup>2</sup>.

Indicates nil.

<sup>(</sup>b) A positive number for the fiscal balance indicates an increase in revenue or a decrease in expenses or net capital investment in accrual terms. A negative number for the fiscal balance indicates a decrease in revenue or an increase in expenses or net capital investment in accrual terms. A positive number for the underlying cash balance indicates an increase in receipts or a decrease in payments or net capital investment in cash terms. A negative number for the underlying cash balance indicates a decrease in receipts or an increase in payments or net capital investment in cash terms.

Indicates nil.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Online budget glossary – Parliamentary Budget Office (pbo.gov.au)